

# HA Preparedness Plan and Operation Workflow for Mosquito-borne Diseases

## Prepared by CICO Office 13 July 2017



# **HA Preparedness Plan for Dengue Fever**

Early case detection and laboratory support

**Activation of Designated Clinics** 

Admission criteria during epidemic

Intensified mosquito control

## **Overview of HA's Response for Dengue Fever**

Scenario	Outbreak Stages	HA Actions
A: Sporadic	• When there is sporadic no. of local cases	<ul> <li>Consider Ad hoc CCIDER</li> <li>Confirmed dengue cases admitted to hospital during viremic phase</li> <li>PHLSB provides diagnostic test</li> <li>Intensify mosquito control program</li> </ul>
B: Epidemic	<ul> <li>When there are outbreaks (epidemic) of local confirmed DF cases with multiple foci in a season</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Consider Ad hoc CCIDER</li> <li>Alert CCC &amp; EEC</li> <li>Setup e-platform (e.g. eDengue)</li> <li>Designated Clinics (DC) will operate</li> <li>If compulsory hospital admission is not feasible, admit only haemodynamically unstable cases and confirmed Dengue cases with high risk conditions. Other cases will be follow-up in Designated Clinics.</li> <li>ICU will support severe dengue and DHF cases</li> <li>HO MICC will provide situation update</li> <li>BSS will intensify HA's mosquito control program</li> </ul>
C: Endemic	<ul> <li>Annual summer peak when mosquitoes are active (May to June)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Develop a sustainable action plan with reference to EPIDEMIC</li> </ul>

# **Preparedness (1) Laboratory Support**



## Routine

- PHLSB is supporting the laboratory tests for Dengue
- HA has prepared for supporting Dengue tests

## **Epidemic Situation**

 PHLSB and HA Laboratories will apply a stepwise approach and conduct Dengue Fever test



# **Preparedness (2) Designated Clinic**



- Activated upon Central Command Committee's decision.
- a. when dengue outbreak in community which affects normal operation of AED
- b. Take 48 hours to activate
- c. The max. operating capacity, **14,112 attendees/wk**, is able to cope with the MAX. number of 13,533 attendees/wk as predicted from GD outbreak.



## **Preparedness (3) Criteria for Hospital Admission**

#### **1.** Presence of any warning signs

- a. Abdominal pain and tenderness
- b. Persistent vomiting
- c. Fluid retention
- d. Mucosal bleeding
- e. Lethargy, restlessness
- f. Liver enlargement > 2cm
- g. Increase in hematocrit (Hct) with rapid decrease in platelet
- 2. Plasma leakage: dehydration, fluid accumulation, not tolerate oral fluid, giddiness, postural hypotension, profuse sweating, fainting, hypotension or cold extremities.
- 3. Hemorrhage: spontaneous bleeding, independent of platelet count.
- 4. Organ dysfunctions: renal, hepatic, neurologic or cardiac
- 5. Co-existing conditions: pregnancy, co-morbid conditions (DM, HT, peptic ulcer, chronic renal or liver diseases, etc), overweight or obese, infancy or elderly.
- 6. Rising Hct



## **Preparedness (4) Mosquito Control Measures**



- Removal of stagnant water and risky areas trapping water
- Weekly fogging (if needed)
- Placing of mosquito killer machines at open areas, where necessary
- Hospitals with confirmed case will reinforce mosquito control measures immediately



Applying Larvicidal Oil / sand



Fogging Service





# Implementation of Screening Test for Zika virus on Donated Blood / Blood Product

Effective from 12 July 2017



# Background



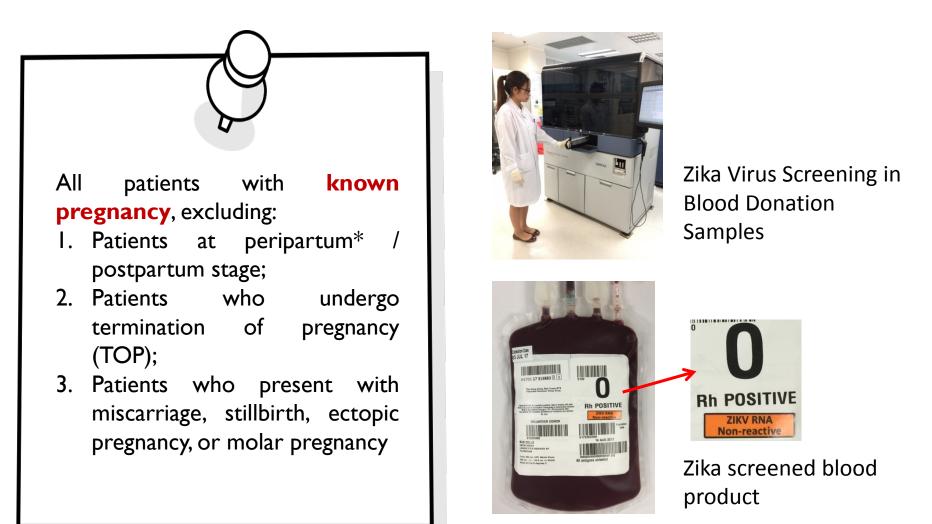
The Hong Kong Red Cross Blood Transfusion Service (BTS) is going to implement the screening test for Zika virus on donated blood / blood products with effect from 12 July 2017.

With regard to blood products safety, the BTS has started the deferral policy for blood donation since 2 Feb 2016.

- Anyone who has resided in or visited any countries which are affected by Zika Virus Diseases will be deferred from blood donation for at least 28 days from the date he/she departed from the affected areas.
- Incubation period of Zika virus disease is typically between 3 and 12 days

In addition, an enhanced precautionary measure of provision of Zika-virus-screened blood/blood products for high-risk patients was advised by the HA (BTS) Expert Panel on Blood and Blood Products Safety and the HA Central Committee on Infectious Diseases and Emergency Response (CCIDER).

## Scope of intended recipients of Zika-virusnegative blood/blood products



\* It is not necessary to order Zika-virus-negative blood/blood products for the routine crossmatch during intrapartum, preparation for labour induction for Caesarean section because vast majority of blood transfusion will be given after the delivery of the baby.

# Transmission of Zika virus infection to pregnant woman through blood transfusion

Up to now, there is no documented report of transmission of Zika virus infection to pregnant woman through blood transfusion. The consequences for the foetus of a transfusiontransmitted Zika virus infection to pregnant women are **not yet ascertained** [ECDC, 28 Oct 2016].

During January 1, 2016–April 25, 2017, U.S. territories with local transmission of Zika virus reported 2,549 completed pregnancies (live births and pregnancy losses at any gestational age) with laboratory evidence of recent possible Zika virus infection; 5% of fetuses or infants resulting from these pregnancies had birth defects potentially associated with Zika virus infection.

Among pregnancies with NATconfirmed maternal infections, the percentages of fetuses or infants with possible Zika-associated birth defects:

- 8% in the first trimester
- 5% in the second trimester
- 4% in the third trimester

Reference: Shapiro-Mendoza CK, Rice ME, Galang RR, et al. Pregnancy Outcomes After Maternal Zika Virus Infection During Pregnancy — U.S. Territories, January 1, 2016–April 25, 2017. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep . ePub: 8 June 2017. DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm6623e1</u> Additional information is available at <u>https://www.cdc.gov/vitalsigns/</u>

### Prioritization on the use of Zika-virus-negative Blood/Blood products

In case the demand of Zika-virus-negative blood/blood products is greater than its availability, the priority of pregnant women to receive Zika-virus-negative blood/blood products will be given by risk stratification:

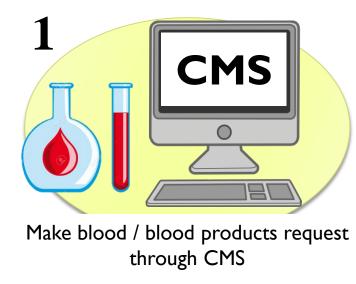
- First pregnancy trimester
- Second pregnancy trimester
- Third pregnancy trimester

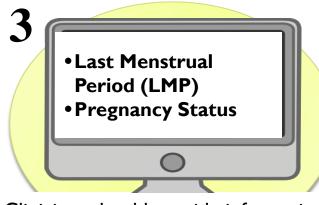
Reference: : Shapiro-Mendoza CK, Rice ME, Galang RR, et al. Pregnancy Outcomes After Maternal Zika Virus Infection During Pregnancy — U.S. Territories, January 1, 2016–April 25, 2017. MMWR Morb Mortal Wkly Rep. ePub: 8 June 2017. DOI: <u>http://dx.doi.org/10.15585/mmwr.mm6623e1</u>

#### Summary of national recommendations on zika virus screening of blood donation

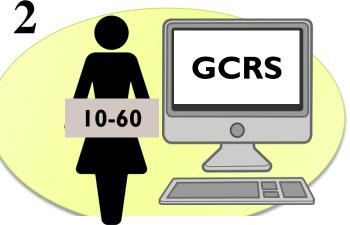
country	Universal blood donation screening	Blood screening of Zika virus based on risk of recipient	Blood donor deferral policy
[US] FDA Revised Recommendations for Reducing the Risk of Zika Virus Transmission by Blood and Blood components, Aug 2016	Yes, started on 26 August 2016		<ul> <li>If donor volunteers a recent history of zika virus infection</li> <li>Defer the donor for 120 days after a positive viral test or the resolution of symptoms, whichever timeframe is longer</li> </ul>
[Singapore] Health Science Authority, Singapore, Jan 2017	Yes, started on 16 Jan 2017		
[Malaysia] The Ministry of Health Guidelines on Zika Virus in Pregnancy, Dec 2016		<ul> <li>Priority of using zika virus screened negative blood:</li> <li>All pregnant women in the antenatal period</li> <li>Women in the reproductive age group who are transfusion dependent and are planning to start for their family</li> <li>All intrauterine transfusion</li> </ul>	Counsel and temporarily deferred, if required, based on the risk of zika virus exposure
[Canada] Blood Services, 3 Feb 2016			3 weeks after return for anyone who has travelled outside of Canada, the Continental US and Europe
[Australia] Red Cross Blood Service, Dec 2016			<ul> <li>Travelers to affected areas: 28 days</li> <li>Donors with confirmed zika virus infection: fully recovered and a 4 months deferral period</li> <li>Sexual contact with a confirmed zika virus infection: 4 weeks to 7 months (regular partner)</li> <li>Local transmission event: 28 days</li> </ul>

## Workflow for requesting Zika-virus-negative blood/blood product





Clinicians should provide information for 2 mandatory questions in the "type & screen, component, component (blood group required)"



GCRS prompt will be triggered for female aged 10-60 or patients with unknown sex or age



When pregnancy status is indicated as "antepartum", a request for Zika-virusnegative blood / blood products will be automatically sent to Blood Bank

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#### GCRS Mandatory Question: LMP (for clinician's input)

Patient-specific Function(s)		
	+Reminder Details NKDA	A )
CHAN, B		
F 33y DOB: 05-Apr-1984 B256887(5) M	MED 5A Adm: 23-Jan-2017 HN17000026(Y)	
Ix Request ×		
Ix Information		
Blood Bank	Free text entry	
Test Information		:
Type & Screen 1. History	Menopause	!
	- Premenarche	!
2. Indication :		•
3. Body weight :	Sterilisation performed	L
4. BMT status :	·	L
5.LMP :	Hysterectomy done	L
(Please type Menopause	Negative pregnancy test within one week	L
6. Pregnancy Premenarche		L
Sterilisation performed	<ul> <li>Urgent and over-riding clinical need</li> </ul>	L
Hysterectomy done	·	•
7. Haemoglobi Negative pregnancy test within one week		
Urgent and over-riding clinical need	Retrieve latest result from ePR	

#### GCRS Mandatory Question: Pregnancy status (for clinician's input)

	Patient-specific Fu	unctio	n(s)										
							+Remi	nder			Uika	Details	NKDA
			CHAN	I. B									
	F 33y DO	B: 0(	5-Apr-19	,	B256887(5	5) MED	5A	Adm: 2	23-Jan-2	017	HN17000026(Y)		
l	Ix Request ×				(	,							
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	Blood Bank												-
ľ	Test Information												
٢	Type & Screen												
	1. History :												
	2. Indication	:							1				
	3. Body weight												
	5. Douy weight	:											
	4. BMT status	:							]				
	5. LMP :								- -				
	( <u>Please</u> t <u>vp</u> e <u>th</u> e	alton	nativos if r	ot provi	dod on the list)								
I	6. Pregnancy statu												
I	0. Freghancy statu	15	:		tepartum				- I				
ŀ				⊖ Pe	ripartum/Postp	artum			- I				
				O No	t pregnant/Unk	nown (Pregna	ncy test cannot be	performed)	- i				
$\left  \right $	7. Haemoglobin (H	łb)		_						Retrieve la	atest result from ePR		
I	Ű,												

Note: For patients who meet the exclusion criteria (ii) patients who undergo termination of pregnancy (TOP) or (iii) patients who present with miscarriage, stillbirth, ectopic pregnancy, or molar pregnancy, please indicate the pregnancy status as "Unknown".

Reset All

Save

Cancel

### GCRS Mandatory Question: Pregnancy status If "Not pregnant/Unknown (Pregnancy test cannot be performed)" is chosen

Patient-specific Function(s)							
	+Reminder Details NKDA						
CHAN, B							
F 33y DOB: 05-Apr-1984 B256887(5) MED	5A Adm: 23-Jan-2017 HN17000026(Y)						
Ix Request X							
F Ix Information							
Blood Bank Test Information							
Type & Screen							
1. History :							
2. Indication :							
3. Body weight :							
4. BMT status :							
5. LMP :	▼						
(Please type the alternatives if not provided on the list)							
6. Pregnancy status : O Antepartum							
- O Peripartum/Postpartum							
Not pregnant/Unknown (Pregnancy test cannot be performed)							
Please note Zika virus screened blood and blood products will NOT be	arranged.						
7. Haemoglobin (Hb)	Retrieve latest result from ePR						
+							
I If clinician select "Not pregnant/unknown (pregnancy test cannot be performed)" in							
Pregnancy status, then the message of "Please note Zika-virus-screened blood and							
blood products will NOT be arranged" will pop up.							
-							
	Reset All Save Cancel						

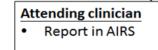
Scenario A Under emergency situation/ when run out of ZIKV-screened blood

#### Scenario B

Non-compliance to prevailing protocol (e.g. intended recipient is accidentally transfused with ZIKV-unscreened blood)

#### Actions to be taken when an intended recipient is provided with Zika-virusunscreened blood /blood products

D



#### **Attending clinician**

Inform Blood bank of the case

#### **Blood bank**

- Inform BTS of the identification number of the donor's blood products BTS
- Retrieve archived blood sample from donor, if any, for urgent ZIKV PCR test
- Return test results to Blood bank within 2 working days

# Blood bank • Inform Attending clinician of the PCR test result of archived blood sample Archived blood sample from

Archived blood sample from	Archived blood sample from
donor = ZIKV- <b>negative</b>	donor = ZIKV- <b>positive</b>
V.	

#### Attending clinician

 Routine Clinical Management

#### Attending clinician

- Inform hospital microbiologist
- Refer the recipient to O&G for follow-up in accordance with the prevailing protocol

#### Hospital microbiologist

 Liaise with PHLC for appropriate virological investigation of the recipient

#### BTS

- Trace the identity of the blood donor and quarantine the remaining blood products
- Notify CENO about the confirmed case (donor)

#### <u>CHP</u>

Follow up with the donor for public health investigation

## Communication

## For Patient

When seeking informed consent for pregnant patients who require blood transfusion, please provide the patient with the **information leaflet**.



#### **Chinese:**

http://qsdportal/iec/Website/IEC%20Webpage/Zik a%20virus/Blood%20Transfusion/Annex%201%20-%20Info%20leaflet%20for%20patients%20(Chi)%20 20170704.pdf

#### **English:**

http://qsdportal/iec/Website/IEC%20Webpage/Zik a%20virus/Blood%20Transfusion/Annex%201%20-%20Info%20leaflet%20for%20patients%20(Eng)%20 20170704.pdf

## For Staff

For further information on Zika virus infection, please visit the Zika designated website

http://qsdportal/iec/Website/IEC%20Webp age/Zika%20virus/Zika%20Virus.htm



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etter to Doctors

Press release

<u>Areas with active Zika virus</u> transmission

elated websites

O&A 問與答



### **Infection Control and Isolation Precautions**

- Standard Precautions
- However, mosquito may acquire infection when they feed on a viraemic person resulting in local spread of the virus
- The confirmed case should be hospitalized during viraemic phase and is required to stay in a vector-free (mosquito-free) environment.
- Mosquito control in hospitals is important



